

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL OMB NUMBER: 3235-0123 Expires: January 31, 2007 Estimated average burden hours per response....12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-65466

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

ΛR	EGISTRANT IDENT	IFICATION		
Α. Α.	LI GINERALITY IDENT	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			<u>OFFICIA</u>	L USE ONLY
ME OF BROKER-DEALER: Deson & C	0.		1	22129
DRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN		No.)		I.D. NO.
	•			
c/o Sean Deson	945 Encorvado Street			
Y Y Y	(No. and Street)		00100	
Las Vegas	<u>NV</u>		89138_	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
ME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	RSON TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO TH	IS REPORT	
Karen Steighner			303-795-0400	
			(Area Code – Tele	phone Numbe
B. ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained in the			
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained in the	nis Report*		
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained in th	nis Report*		
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained in the	nis Report*	856	94939
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N	ose opinion is contained in the son Markle Stuckey Har	nis Report* desty & Bott middle name)	AEG Mail Proféss	
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200	ose opinion is contained in the son Markle Stuckey Har Name – if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City)	nis Report* desty & Bott middle name) CA	856	
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200	ose opinion is contained in th son Markle Stuckey Har Name – if individual, state last, first, Larkspur	nis Report* desty & Bott middle name) CA	SEB Mail Proféss Section	rig)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200 (Address)	ose opinion is contained in the son Markle Stuckey Har Name – if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City)	nis Report* desty & Bott middle name) CA	AEG Mail Proféss	rig)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200 (Address) Certified Public Accountant	ose opinion is contained in the son Markle Stuckey Har Name – if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City) CHECK ONE:	nis Report* desty & Bott middle name) CA	AEB Mail Proféssi Section MAR -3 20	(19) (18)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200 (Address) Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	ose opinion is contained in the son Markle Stuckey Har Name – if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City) CHECK ONE:	nis Report* desty & Bott middle name) CA	AE6 Mall Proféssi Section MAR - 3 20 Washington, I	(19) (18)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200 (Address) Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United State	ose opinion is contained in the son Markle Stuckey Har Name – if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City) CHECK ONE:	nis Report* rdesty & Bott middle name) CA (State)	AEB Mail Proféssi Section MAR -3 20	(19) (18)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200 (Address) Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United State	son Markle Stuckey Har Son Markle Stuckey Har Name - if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City) CHECK ONE: s or any of its possessions.	nis Report* rdesty & Bott middle name) CA (State)	AE6 Mall Proféssi Section MAR - 3 20 Washington, I	(19) (18)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200 (Address) Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United State	son Markle Stuckey Har Son Markle Stuckey Har Name - if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City) CHECK ONE: s or any of its possessions.	nis Report* rdesty & Bott middle name) CA (State)	AE6 Mall Proféssi Section MAR - 3 20 Washington, I	(19) (18)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Wils (N Larkspur Landing Circle, Ste. 200 (Address) Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United State	ose opinion is contained in the son Markle Stuckey Har Name - if individual, state last, first, Larkspur (City) CHECK ONE: s or any of its possessions.	nis Report* desty & Bott middle name) CA (State)	BEB Mall Proféssi Section MAR - 3 20 Washington, I	

unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

MAK 2 4 ZUUO



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Sean Deson</u> , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the schedules pertaining to the firm of <u>Deson & Co.</u> , as of <u>December 31, 2007</u> , are	e true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither
the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any principal officer or director	roprietary interest in any account classified solely as
<u>'</u>	
NOTARY PUBLIC	
STATE OF NEVADA	Signature
County of Clark K. PRESSLER No: 04-87155-1 My Appointment Expires Feb. 1, 2012	President
Y lead of the second of the se	Title
Notary Public Acknowledged on Feb. 25,2008	

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
- Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
 consolidation.
- (I) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements

and Supplemental Information

Years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

with

Reports of Independent Auditors

Contents

Financial Statements	<u>Page</u>
Report of Independent Auditors	1
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Stockholder's Equity	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-8
Supplemental Information	
Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors	9
Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission and Statement Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4)	10
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements	11
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements	11
Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Accounting Control	12



Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors Deson & Co.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Deson & Co., as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Deson & Co. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements, based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Deson & Co. as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was primarily for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplemental information is required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the same auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements, taken as a whole.

Wilson Markle Stuckey Hardesty & Bott

February 15, 2008

-1-

Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007 and 2006

Assets

Current ecosts		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	77,081	\$	188,926
Accounts receivable		-		-
Prepaid expenses		75		75
Total current assets		77,156		189,001
Furniture and equipment, at cost Less accumulated depreciation		20,522 (20,522)		20,522 (20,522)
Net furniture and equipment				<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$_	77,156		189,001
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,500	\$	4,000
Advance from stockholder		<u>-</u>		9,644
Total current liabilities		2,500		13,644
Stockholder's equity				
Common stock		2,500		2,500
Retained earnings		72,156		172,857
Total stockholder's equity		74,656		175,357
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	77,156	\$_	189,001
See accompanying notes				

Statement of Operations Years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

Revenues	<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	
Commissions and fees	\$ 15,408	\$	25,000	
Other income	35,000		-	
Interest income	 2,076		7,887	
Total revenues	52,484		32,887	
Expenses				
Regulatory fees and taxes	725		1,819	
Vehicle and travel expenses	73,299		55,127	
Professional fees	24,934		28,585	
Data services, communications and other charges	3,164		1,648	
Rent, office and other expenses	 51,449		93,320	
Total expenses	 153,571		180,499	
Net loss	 101,087)	\$_	(147,612)	

Deson & Co.
Statement of Stockholder's Equity
Years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

Balances	(Common stock	Retained <u>earnings</u>	Total stockholder's <u>equity</u>
December 31, 2005	\$	2,500	\$ 319,569	\$ 322,069
Net loss		-	(147,612)	(147,612)
Stockholder contribution			900	 900
Balances, December 31, 2006		2,500	172,857	175,357
Net loss		-	(101,087)	(101,087)
Stockholder contributions		-	8,886	8,886
Distributions to stockholder			(8,500)	(8,500)
Balances, December 31, 2007	\$	2,500	\$ 72,156	\$ 74,656

Statement of Cash Flows Years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Net loss	\$ (101,087)	\$ (147,612)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities	ψ (101,00 <i>1)</i>	Ψ (147,012)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	-	75
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(1,500)	(13,354)
Net cash used by operating activities	(102,587)	(160,891)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of furniture and equipment		
Net cash used by investing activities	-	-
Cash flows from financing activities		
Loan from stockholder	(9,644)	9,644
Contributions from stockholder	(8,500)	-
Distributions to stockholder	8,886	900
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(9,258)	10,544
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(111,845)	(150,347)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	188,926_	339,273
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 77,081	\$ 188,926

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 1 – Basis of presentation and summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of Deson & Co. (the Company). The Company is wholly owned by Sean Deson.

The Company was incorporated in New York on January 11, 1999. In 2004 the Company became a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD").

Nature of operations

The Company provides investment consulting services.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and reflect the following significant policies.

Revenue recognition

Commissions and fees are recorded when billed, subject to an allowance for uncollectible and/or contingent amounts.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of amounts on deposit with a commercial bank in checking and money market accounts, all available on demand.

Fair value of financial instruments

Substantially all assets and liabilities carried at historical cost or contract value approximate fair value due to their relative short-term nature.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 1 – Basis of presentation and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the accelerated methods, including bonus first year amounts, over an estimated useful life of five years. The Company generally capitalizes additions of \$1,000 or more.

Advertising costs

Costs incurred for producing and communicating advertising are expensed when incurred.

Income taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed under the provisions of Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Under these provisions, the Company is not subject to federal taxes on income. Instead, the stockholder include his respective share of the Company's taxable income in his individual income tax returns.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Transactions with affiliated companies

The Company utilizes services and business facilities in common with other companies or activities of its owner. The Company pays for its estimated share of common costs.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 3 – Advance from stockholder

The advance from stockholder is unsecured, non interest bearing and due on demand.

Note 4 – Net capital requirement

1

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the SEC (the "Rule"). The Rule requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, as defined under the Rule, equivalent to the greater of \$5,000 or 12.5% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined under the Rule.

As of December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital, as defined under the Rule, of \$74,581, which exceeded the minimum requirement of \$5,000 by \$69,581. The Company's aggregate indebtedness, as defined under the Rule, was \$2,500.

Supplemental Information Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors Year ended December 31, 2007

Balance, December 31, 2006	\$ -
Increases (decreases)	
Balance, December 31, 2007	\$ -

Cornputation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission December 31, 2007

Net Capital

Total stockholder's equity Adjustments to net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1:	\$ 74,656
Non-allowable assets Prepaid expenses Furniture and equipment	(75) (-)
Net capital	<u>\$ 74,581</u>
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 2,500</u>
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement	
Minimum net capital required (6.67% of total aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$167</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker-dealer	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net capital requirement	<u>\$_5,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 69,581</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.03%

Statement pursuant to paragraph (d)4 of Rule 17a-5 at December 31, 2007

There is no material difference between this net capital computation pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding computation included in the Company's unaudited Part IIA FOCUS Report filing.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
December 31, 2007

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3.

Deson & Co.

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
December 31, 2007

A supplementary report pursuant to Rule 17a- 5(d)(4) and the information relating to possession or control requirement under Rule 15c3-3 are not required under Rule 17a- 5(e)(1)(i)(A) and Rule 15c3-3(k), respectively.



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Deson & Co.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Deson & Co. (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) of the Company as a basis for designing our audit procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements, but not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Company. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Company.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study includes tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3(e).

Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, comparisons and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the second paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, management makes estimates and judgments required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the second paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the above-mentioned objectives of the SEC. Two of the objectives of internal control and practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with the authorization of management and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the second paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures in the second paragraph, error or fraud may occur and they may not detect the error or fraud. In addition, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the ability of the Company to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the internal control of the Company will not prevent or detect a misstatement of the financial statements of the Company that is more than inconsequential.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the internal control of the Company will not prevent or detect a material misstatement of the financial statements.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be rnaterial weaknesses. However, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and our study, we believe that the practices and procedures of the Company, as described in the second paragraph, were adequate, as of December 31, 2007, to meet the objectives of the SEC.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Company, the National Association of Securities Dealers, SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wilson Markle Stuckey Hardesty & Bott

February 15, 2008